

Version 3.0 Print Date 11/06/2012

**REVISION DATE: 11/06/2012** 

## **SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Trade name **ROCK-IT ADHESIVE 5 GAL PAIL** 

Product code 364600A805

**COMPANY** : Tremco Incorporated

> 3735 Green Road Cleveland, OH 44122

: (216) 292-5000 8:30 - 5:00 EST Telephone Emergency Phone: : (216) 765-6727 8:30 - 5:00 EST

After Hours: Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

Product use : Adhesive

## **SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### **Emergency Overview**

White. Liquid. May cause moderate irritation to the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue. Move to fresh air. If required, artificial respiration or administration of oxygen can be performed by trained personnel. Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

#### **Acute Potential Health Effects/ Routes of Entry**

Inhalation May cause moderate irritation to the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headaches,

and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue.

Eves Vapor and/or mist may cause eye irritation. Direct contact may cause temporary redness

and discomfort.

Ingestion May cause irritation to the mouth, throat and stomach, May cause gastrointestinal

irritation, nausea, and vomiting.

May cause moderate irritation. Skin

#### **Aggravated Medical Conditions**

Pre-existing eye, skin, liver, kidney, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

#### **Chronic Health Effects**

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents may be harmful or fatal. Prolonged or repeated contact/exposure to aromatic petroleum distillates may cause defatting, drying, and irritation of the skin, dermatitis, and central nervous system (CNS) effects. Inhalation of crystalline silica (quartz) can cause cancer based on animal data, and IARC concludes sufficient evidence in humans (Group 1). Prolonged and repeated overexposure to free crystalline silica dust above the TLV level may cause scarring of the lungs with cough and shortness of breath. A delayed lung injury, silicosis may result from breathing free silica. Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate, (dioctyl phthalate) given in the diet, produced increased incidence of liver cancers in female rats and male and female mice. An increased incidence of liver cancers or neoplasms were observed in male rats. Fillers are encapsulated and not expected to be released from product under normal conditions of use. Prolonged or repeated exposure to mineral spirits (petroleum naphtha or stoddard solvent) may cause defatting, drying, and irritation of the skin, dermatitis, central nervous system (CNS) effects, and adverse liver, kidney, and lung effects.

Target Organs: Skin, Eye, Lung, Liver, Kidney, Nerve, Reproductive



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## **SECTION 3 - PRODUCT COMPOSITION**

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight %
Styrene Ethylhexyl Acrylate Copolymer	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5841P	15.0 - 40.0
Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits)	8052-41-3	15.0 - 40.0
Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)	1317-65-3	15.0 - 40.0
Dioctyl phthalate	117-81-7	7.0 - 13.0
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	5.0 - 10.0
Calcium carbonate	471-34-1	3.0 - 7.0
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	3.0 - 7.0
Clay	1332-58-7	1.0 - 5.0
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	1.0 - 5.0
Inert Filler	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5013P	1.0 - 5.0
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand	14808-60-7	0.1 - 1.0

#### **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

Get immediate medical attention for any significant overexposure.

: Move to fresh air. If required, artificial respiration or administration of oxygen can be Inhalation

performed by trained personnel. Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further

overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

Eve contact : Flush with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eye lids apart. Get medical

attention immediately.

Skin contact Wash area of contact thoroughly with hand cleaner followed by soap and water. If

irritation, rash or other disorders develop, get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting unless advised by a physician. Call nearest Poison Control

Center or Physician immediately.

## **SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Flash point 105 °F, 41 °C

Setaflash Closed Cup Method

Lower explosion limit Not available. Upper explosion limit Not available. Autoignition temperature Not available.

Extinguishing media If water fog is ineffective, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.

Smoke, fumes. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide can form. Nitrogen Hazardous combustion

oxides can form. products

Use accepted fire fighting techniques. Wear full firefighting protective Protective equipment for firefighters

clothing, including self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Water may be used to cool containers to minimize pressure build-up.

Vapor concentrations in enclosed areas may ignite explosively. Product Fire and explosion conditions

> may ignite if heated in excess of its flash point. Vapors may travel to sources of ignition and flashback. Closed container, may burst when exposed to extreme heat. Empty containers may contain ignitable

vapors.



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#### **SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid contact with material. Remove sources of ignition immediately. Stop flow of material if safe to do so. Contain spill and keep out of water courses. Ventilate area.

#### SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Prevent inhalation of vapor, ingestion, and contact with skin eyes and clothing. Keep container closed when not in use. Precautions also apply to emptied containers. To prevent generation of static discharges, use bonding/grounding connection when pouring liquid. Extinguish all ignition sources including pilot lights, non-explosion proof motors and electrical equipment until vapors dissipate. Personal protective equipment must be worn during maintenance or repair of contaminated mixer, reactor, or other equipment. Keep container closed when not in use. Vapor may migrate to sources of ignition. Do not smoke, weld, generate sparks, or use flame near container. Store in sealed containers in a cool, dry, ventilated warehouse location.

#### SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Personal protection equipment

Respiratory protection : Wear appropriate, properly fitted NIOSH/MSHA approved organic vapor or

supplied air respirator when airborne contaminant level(s) are expected to exceed exposure limits indicated on the MSDS. Follow manufacturer's

directions for respirator use.

Hand protection : Use suitable impervious nitrile or neoprene gloves and protective apparel to

reduce exposure.

Eye protection : Wear appropriate eye protection. Wear chemical safety goggles and/or face

shield to prevent eye contact. Do not wear contact lenses. Do not touch eyes with contaminated body parts or materials. Have eye washing facilities readily

available.

Protective measures : Use professional judgment in the selection, care, and use.Inspect and replace

equipment at regular intervals.

Engineering measures : Use only in well ventilated areas. Provide maximum ventilation in enclosed

areas. Use local exhaust when the general ventilation is inadequate.

#### **Exposure Limits**

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Regulation	<u>Limit</u>	<u>Form</u>
Stoddard solvent (Mineral	8052-41-3	ACGIH TWA:	100 ppm	
Spirits)		OSHA PEL:	2,900 mg/m3	
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	OSHA PEL:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
(Limestone)		OSHA PEL:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		ACGIH TWA:	3 mg/m3	Respirable particles.
		ACGIH TWA:	10 mg/m3	Inhalable particles.
		OSHA TWA:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA TWA:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Digetal phthelete	117-81-7	ACCILL TMA.	E ma/m2	
Dioctyl phthalate	11/-01-/	ACGIH TWA: OSHA PEL:	5 mg/m3 5 mg/m3	
		OSHA PEL.	5 mg/ms	



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Chemical Name	CAS Number	Regulation	<u>Limit</u>	<u>Form</u>
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	ACGIH TWA:	10 mg/m3	
		OSHA PEL:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA TWA:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA TWA:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	ACGIH TWA:	25 ppm	
Clay	1332-58-7	ACGIH TWA:	2 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		OSHA PEL:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA PEL:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		OSHA TWA:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA TWA:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		OSHA PEL:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		OSHA PEL:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	ACGIH TWA:	25 ppm	
Inert Filler	NJ TSRN#	ACGIH TWA:	10 mg/m3	
	51721300-5013P	OSHA PEL:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		OSHA PEL:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA TWA:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA TWA:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	OSHA TWA:	0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
(Quartz)/ Silica Sand		OSHA TWA:	0.3 mg/m3	Total dust.
,		OSHA PEL:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA PEL:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		ACGIH TWA:	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.

## **SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Form : Liquid Color : White

Odor : Aromatic Solvent : Not available. рΗ : Not available. Vapour pressure Vapor density : Heavier than air Melting point/range : Not available. Freezing point : Not available. Boiling point/range : Not available. Water solubility : Negligible Specific Gravity : 0.816 % Volatile Weight : 28 %



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## **SECTION 10 - REACTIVITY / STABILITY**

Substances to avoid : Oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases.

Stability : Stable under normal conditions. Avoid welding arcs, flames or other high

temperature sources.

Hazardous polymerization : Will not occur.

## **SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal)

Dioctyl phthalate, CAS-No.: 117-81-7

Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral) 25,000 mg/kg (Rat) 25,000 mg/kg (Rat) 30,000 mg/kg (

Mouse ) 33,900 mg/kg (Rabbit ) 26,300 mg/kg (Guinea pig ) 25,000 mg/kg (Rabbit ) 10,000 mg/kg (Guinea pig ) 25,000

mg/kg (Rabbit)

Calcium carbonate, CAS-No.: 471-34-1

Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral) 6,450 mg/kg (Rat)

#### **SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No Data Available

## **SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

RCRA Class : D001: Reportable Quantity = 100 lbs. (Characteristic of ignitability)

This classification applies only to the material as it was originally produced.

Disposal Method : Subject to hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal requirements under

RCRA. Recycle or incinerate waste at EPA approved facility or dispose of in

compliance with federal, state and local regulations.

#### SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION / SHIPPING DATA

## CFR / DOT:

Not Regulated

## TDG:

Not Regulated

#### IMDG:

UN1133, ADHESIVES, 3, PG III

An RPM Company 5/8



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## **Further Information:**

The above shipping description may not be accurate for all container sizes and all modes of transportation. Please refer to Bill of Lading.

#### **SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### **North American Inventories:**

All components are listed or exempt from the TSCA inventory.

This product or its components are listed on, or exempt from the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

U.S. Federal Regulations:

SARA 313 Components : Dioctyl phthalate 117-81-7

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute Health Hazard

Chronic Health Hazard

Fire Hazard

OSHA Hazardous Components:

Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits) 8052-41-3
Calcium Carbonate (Limestone) 1317-65-3
Dioctyl phthalate 117-81-7
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6
Clay 1332-58-7

1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene 108-67-8

Inert Filler NJ TSRN# 51721300-5013P

Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand 14808-60-7

OSHA Status: Considered : Irritant hazardous based on the Carcinogen

following criteria:

OSHA Flammability : II

Regulatory VOC (less water and : 232 g/l

exempt solvent)

VOC Method 310 : 28 %

Chemical is listed as an IARC, NTP, OSHA, or ACGIH Carcinogen: Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand 14808-60-7

**U.S. State Regulations:** 

MASS RTK Components : Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits) 8052-41-3

Calcium Carbonate (Limestone) 1317-65-3
Dioctyl phthalate 117-81-7
Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7
Calcium carbonate 471-34-1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6

Clay 1332-58-7 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene 108-67-8

Inert Filler NJ TSRN# 51721300-5013P



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Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand 14808-60-7

Penn RTK Components Styrene Ethylhexyl Acrylate Copolymer NJ TSRN# 51721300-5841P

Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits) 8052-41-3 Calcium Carbonate (Limestone) 1317-65-3 Dioctyl phthalate 117-81-7 Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7 Calcium carbonate 471-34-1 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6

1332-58-7 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene 108-67-8

Inert Filler NJ TSRN# 51721300-5013P

Styrene Ethylhexyl Acrylate Copolymer NJ RTK Components NJ TSRN# 51721300-5841P

Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits) 8052-41-3 Calcium Carbonate (Limestone) 1317-65-3 Dioctyl phthalate 117-81-7 Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 95-63-6

Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand 14808-60-7

Components under California Proposition 65:

WARNING! Contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and/or other reproductive harm

#### SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

## **HMIS Rating:**

Hea	alth	2	0 = Minimum
Flai	mmability	2	1 = Slight
Rea	activity	1	2 = Moderate
PPI	=		3 = Serious
			4 - Severe

#### Further information:

For Industrial Use Only. Keep out of Reach of Children. The hazard information herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to their own investigation of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition.

## Prepared by: Rich Mikol

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Hygienists

CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

Liability Act

DOT - Department of Transportation

DSL - Domestic Substance List **EPA - Environmental Protection Agency** 

HMIS - Hazardous Materials Information System

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer MSHA - Mine Safety Health Administration

NDSL - Non-Domestic Substance List

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP - National Toxicology Program

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

RTK - Right To Know

SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit TLV - Threshold Limit Value

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act TWA - Time Weighted Average

V - Volume

VOC - Volatile Organic Compound

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information

# Material Safety Data Sheet



# **ROCK-IT ADHESIVE 5 GAL PAIL**

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System

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration